

### 2017 COAA Best Practices Workshop COAA Apprentice Attraction & Retention Committee

# OVERVIEW

- Who are we?
- Why did we do this?
- Where did we starts?
- What did we do?
- What did we find?
- How do we create it?



### COAA BEST PRACTICES COMMITTEE

Best Practices designed to improve safety and performance in industrial construction projects across the province.



### **WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE**

Building a workforce with the right skills, at the right time, in the right numbers.



### **APPRENTICE ATTRACTION & RETENTION COMMITTEE**

Provide comprehensive strategic recommendations for endorsement and promotion of best practices for apprenticeship management. Determine causal factors preventing apprentices from achieving journeyperson level & increase utilization of apprentices in industrial construction

## THE STATISTICS WERE STAGGERING



## WHY DO APPRENTICES LEAVE?



## WHERE DO WE START?



# COAA APPRENTICE RETENTION & COMPLETION STUDY

- February December 2015
- Objective
  - Explore individual, supervisory and workplace factors contributing to apprentice attitudes and program completion
    - Improve youth transition outcomes
    - ✓ Aid Industry in improving completions
    - ✓ Be Practical and Publishable





# **RESEARCH TEAM**

**Primary Researcher:** 

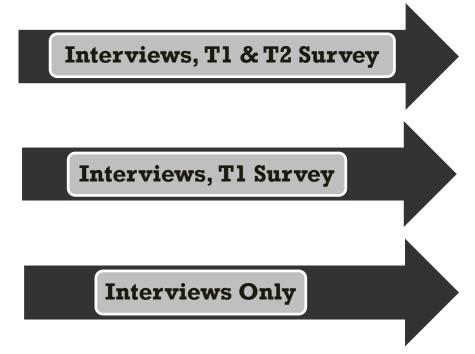
Dr. Peter Sherer, Associate Professor Haskayne School of Business, University of Calgary

**Research Assistants:** 

- > Scott Rankin, PhD Candidate
- > Brenda Nguyen, PhD Candidate

# STUDY DESIGN

### Multi-level study reflect complex world of apprentice:



Apprentice level - expectations start of program, **follow up** after 1<sup>st</sup> work period

Supervisory level - survey expectations and supervisory approach

Company level - interview regarding expectations and the environment



## STUDY TIMELINES

- February 2015 T1 questionnaire
- June 2015 Preliminary presentation at ASAC conference
- September 2015 T2 questionnaire & follow up interviews
- December 2015 Findings released
- April 2016 Dissertation papers
- June 2016 Creating an Apprenticeship Culture



# SURVEY RESPONSE

- Substantial Industry Investment \$\$
- T1:~300 usable responses (51% of those who started)
- T2: ~100 usable responses (85% of those who started)

"I am a 1st year with a lot of prior knowledge and I find it impossible to find work. I have been trying for 7 months with barely a reply ... I believe I've been forgotten."



## SO WHAT WERE THE FINDINGS?



## YOU DON'T KNOW WHAT YOU DON'T KNOW

### • Finding:

 Apprentices come to a trade with little understanding or expectation of their role

- Junior and Senior High schools
  - Career Technology Foundation (CTF) & Career Technology Studies (CTS) program
  - ✓ RAP program & work experience programs
  - Pre-apprenticeship training programs
- Educating school guidance counsellors and teachers



# FIRST IMPRESSIONS MATTER

### • Finding:

- First 3 to 6 months are critical
- Early experiences, such as orientation and meaningful exposure to trades-based work, are important predictors of progression

- Provide comprehensive employment and site orientation
- Encourage loyalty to their trade
- Implement an organizational Best Practice Orientation
- Develop their apprenticeship skills and knowledge!



# - LOYALTY DIVIDED -HAVING TO QUIT SUCKS

#### • Finding:

- Apprenticeship creates two separate loyalties
- The requirement to quit to attend trade school diminishes loyalty

- Train them well
- Be committed to your apprentices: <u>Have the goal of</u> <u>creating a Journeyperson!</u>



# SCHOOL – MAKE THEM GO – REMAIN COMMITTED

### • Finding:

Reluctant to part ways when work levels are high

#### Action:

- Employers need to encourage apprentices to return to school
- Have a plan for schooling and progression

Your trade is your profession; it takes time and hard work to become a Journeyperson



# LEARNER FIRST, WORKER SECOND – CREATING APPRENTICESHIP CULTURE

### • Finding:

- UK Researchers (Fuller and Unwin, 2003) identified key environmental elements for apprentice success. <u>In particular</u>, <u>the importance of seeing apprentices as **learners first**, workers <u>second</u>
  </u>
- ✤ A successful example Safety has become a culture in Alberta

#### Action:

 Our goals needs to be a culture focused on the importance of learning coupled with technical training & consistent messaging on apprenticeship practices & continuing education



# JOURNEYPERSONS...A KEY TO SUCCESS

#### • Finding:

- Journeypersons vary greatly in experience and approach to training
- For new stage apprentices <u>consistent Journeyperson interaction is</u> <u>critical!</u>

- Be intentional about finding, developing, and retaining Journeypersons that can teach and mentor.
- Keep new apprentices with the same Journeyperson
- Implement the <u>COAA Mentorship Best Practice</u>



# EMPLOYERS AND JOURNEYPERSONS - NEED TO BE UNITED

### • Finding:

Often agree on the "why?" of training apprentices, but DO NOT agree on the "how?"

- Develop your program with Journeyperson input
- Implement your program with Journeyperson assistance



## AGE MATTERS

#### • Finding:

Older apprentices (>35) tend to progress slower

- Be knowledgeable about scholarships, grants & funding and ensure you pass that info along
- Older Apprentices may need additional support
- Promote alternative delivery models



# **ATTENTION REQUIRED**

- First year apprentices experience inconsistent work or lack of work
- Second year apprentices report income issues
- Only 25% of respondent apprentices applied for available grants;
   41% didn't know how; 24% didn't realize there was money available
- <u>Open-ended enrolment creates opportunity to procrastinate</u>



## **PROGRESSING TO SECOND YEAR**

- Factors contributing to higher likelihood of progressing to second year:
  - Socialization
  - School attitudes
  - Expectations on career progression



# WHAT WE NEED TO DO

#### Apprentices:

Be responsible for career education requirements, internship, relationships

#### • Employers:

- Dedicate resources and effort in hiring SUITABLE candidates
- Adopt and implement a robust mentorship program

#### • Post Secondary Educators:

- Provide education that is current
- Provide flexible options for course delivery and instruction

# WHAT WE NEED TO DO

#### • <u>Owners:</u>

- Dedication to apprenticeship training
- Create responsibility for achieving apprenticeship goals

#### <u>Provincial Government:</u>

- ✤ Keep Education costs remain reasonable
- Ensure Employers adhere to Apprenticeship Act
- Create incentives Employers Apprentice Completion Program bonus

#### Industry Associations:

- Deliver modularized mentorship training programs
- Deliver pre-apprenticeship programs that align with Government curriculum
- Identify, promote and utilize mentors
- Partner with school districts to create and provide exploratory programs

# A QUICK ASSESSMENT -- HOW COMMITTED ARE YOU?

#### **Does your organization:**

- Have an apprentice onboarding program?
- Provide detailed expectations towards:
  - ✤ Safety
  - Progression
  - Attitude
- Have a mentoring program and trained mentors?
- Have administrative management of apprentice progression?
- Competency breakdowns for school prep?

## KEY TAKEAWAYS

- Further confirmation of what needs to be done in **OUR** industry
- Students need to be informed
- Mentoring and support at all levels
- Learners First Workers Second
  - Strive to create an Apprenticeship Culture



### THANKS TO ...

### **COAA APPRENTICE & RETENTION COMMITTEE**

#### **CO-CHAIRS**

- Lynne Harder, Construction Labour Relations An Alberta Association
- \* Ryan Timmermans, **Christian Labour Association of Canada**

#### **COMMITTEE MEMBERS**

- Tim Brower, Association for Construction Workforce Acquisition
- \* Ken Eerkes, Christian Labour Association of Canada
- Brian Frevel, Alberta Government Innovation and Advanced Education
- Mel Giles, Careers the Next Generation
- Gwenneth Lauder, Apprenticeship Insights
- Don Middleton, Calgary Board of Education
- \* Keri Miller, **Progressive Contractors Association**
- Deloris Rushton, Clearstream Energy Services
- John Timmer, Jacobs Industrial Services Ltd.

# SOURCES

- University of Calgary Haskayne School of Business: Study on Individual and Workplace Factors in Apprentice Completion
  - Report prepared by Scott Rankin & Brenda Nguyen
  - Funding provided by CLRA and CLAC
- Canadian Apprenticeship Forum Apprenticeship, an Employer Handbook
- Apprentice Mentoring Program COAA Best Practice